



இவாங் ஜாவாகீஸ்வரிலூஸ் ஸாகேலாந்தோஸ்
தபாலினோஸ் ஸாகேலம்ஹிடுபோ உநிவேர்ஸிடிகோ

கோட்சி 7

கல்வெளியில் முன்வதை விடுவதை அறியுதல் முயற்சி 2,

நூல் முத்து (2016)

N-Body Problem

Applications:

- Astronomy: *Formation of Galaxies*
- Cosmology: *Expansion of the Universe*
- Plasma Physics: *Charged Particle Simulations*
- Hydrodynamics: *Dynamics of Point Vortices*
- Generalized Hamiltonian Systems

- Biology/Chemistry: *Molecular Dynamics*
- Ecology: *Animal, Plant Distribution*

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N-Body Problem

Fields: Eulerian description

Bodies: Lagrangian description

One particle:

$$\frac{d^2 \mathbf{r}}{dt^2} = \mathbf{f}$$

Interaction of N particles

$$\frac{d^2 \mathbf{r}_i}{dt^2} = \sum \mathbf{f}_i$$

Forces: Gravity, Electrostatic (+/-), ...

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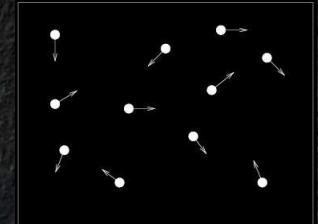
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N-Body Problem

Dynamics of N Particle

Initial Conditions:

$$(\mathbf{X}_0, \mathbf{V}_0)$$



1. Δt
2. Update $\mathbf{r}_{i+1} = \mathbf{r}_i + \mathbf{v}_i \Delta t$
3. Calculate $\mathbf{f} = \sum \mathbf{f}_i$
4. Update $\mathbf{v}_{i+1} = \mathbf{v}_i + \Delta t \mathbf{f}/m$

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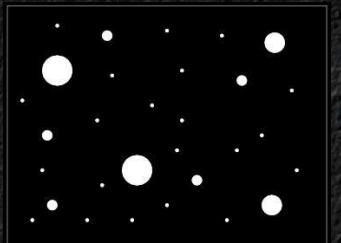
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Particle-Particle (PP)

Straightforward Method

1. Shorter time step
for close particles (Δt);
2. Collision Rules ($\Delta r = r_{min}$)



Number of interactions per time step

$$N(N-1) \sim O(N^2)$$

(!!!)

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N-Body: Approximations

Methods:

Raw:	PP	
Other:	PM	(1970)
	P3M	(1980)
	PM2	
	TC	(1985)
	NGPM	(1988)
	FMM	(1988)

- Mesh Based Algorithms
- Tree Based Algorithms
- Multipole Based Algorithms

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Method: Mesh

Uniform grid

Construct mass density over mesh: $\rho(x)$

Potential over mesh: $\phi(x)$

Poisson Equation

$$\nabla^2 \phi(\vec{x}) = 4\pi G \rho(\vec{x})$$

Force: Particle in potential field $\phi(x)$

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Method: Mesh

Accuracy requirement:

1 Particle : (1+) cells

N – Number of particles

m – Mesh pixels

Mesh based method (FFT): $O(m \log(m))$

Problem: Nonuniform distribution

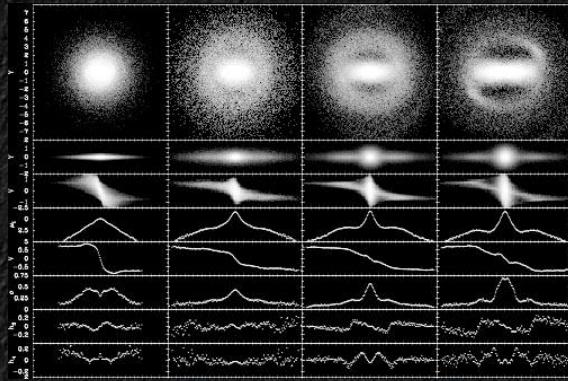
$m \gg N$: $m \log(m) > N^2$

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Method: Mesh

Bar Galaxy Simulations: Particles + Potential



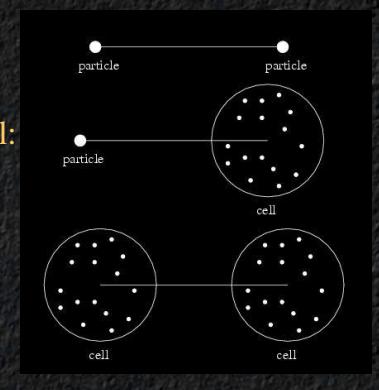
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Method: Tree

Introduce **cells**

Particles inside the cell:
cell mass center

Mass center hierarchy:
Tree



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Method: Tree

Hierarchy:

divide-and-conquer

Long distance: Bigger Cell, Mass Center

Short distance: Smaller Cell, Mass Center

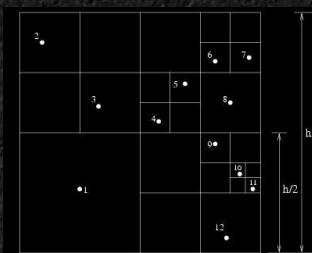
Min distance: Particle

Burnes-Hut algorithm

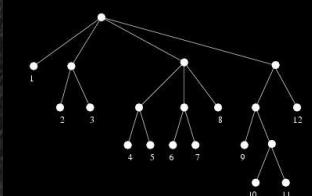
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Method: Burnes-Hut Tree

Quadrature
Partition



2D Hierarchy Tree



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Method: Barnes-Hut Tree

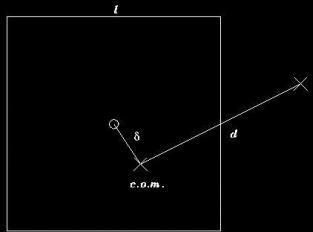
Cell Opening Criterion:

L – cell size

θ – opening angle parameter
($0 < \theta < 1$)

d – distance:
(particle – cell mass center)

$$d < L/\theta$$

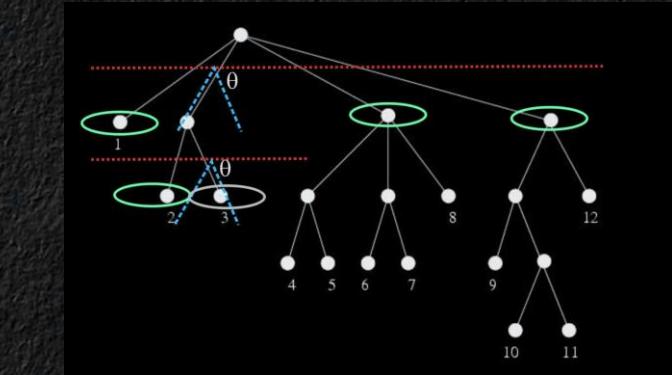


Տիեզրական գումարության տարրերի բաշխության մասին հայտապես առաջարկ 2,

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Method: Barnes-Hut Tree

Reconstructing Forces



Տիեզրական գումարության տարրերի բաշխության մասին հայտապես առաջարկ 2,

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Method: Barnes-Hut Tree

Cost:

$$\theta = 0.3$$

Number of Interactions: $Ni \sim 28 \pi/3 \theta^3 N \log(N)$

$$Ni < N^2 : N > 1000$$

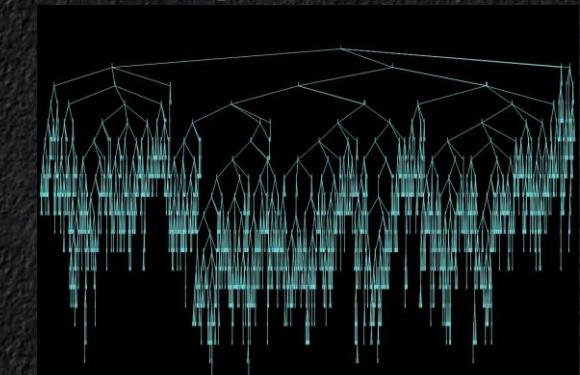
Best for higher number of particles

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Method: Tree

Example: Barnes-Hut tree



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Method: Multipole

Any cluster of particles:

Net force - multipole expansion

Monopole, Dipole, Quadrupole, etc.

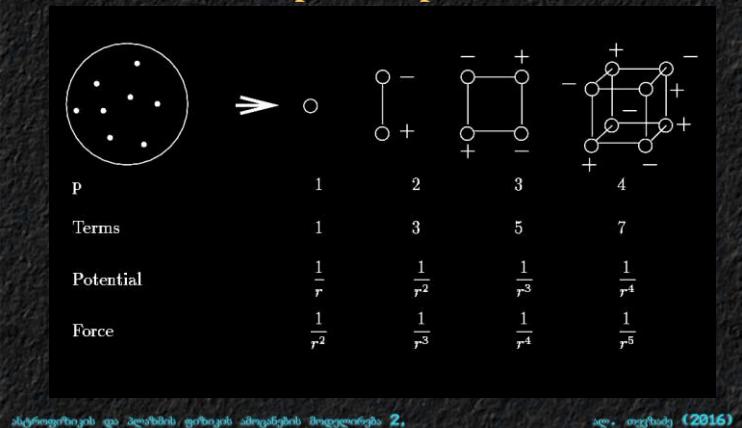
- Multipole expansion
- Error bounds on dropping terms

arXiv:1608.02943 [astro-ph.CO]

arXiv: 1608.02943 (2016)

Method: Multipole

Multipole components



arXiv:1608.02943 [astro-ph.CO]

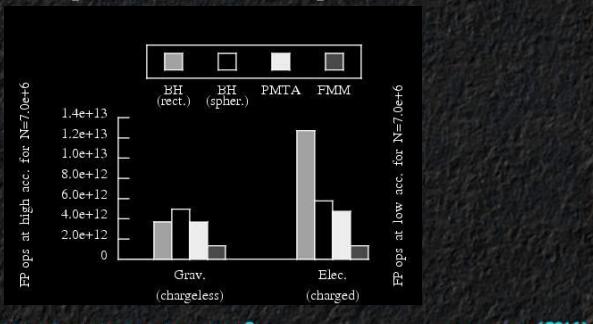
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Method: Multipole

Tree Hierarchy + Multipoles

Fast Multipole Method (FMM)

Multipole Expansion: Cartesian, Spherical, ...

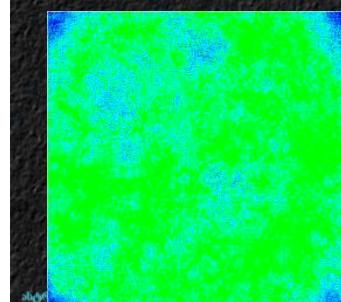


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arXiv: 1608.02943 (2016)

Galaxy

Formation of the Galaxy Cluster



Cold Dark Matter
Cosmology Simulation
17 million particles

arXiv: 1608.02943 (2016)

end

www.tevza.org/home/course/modelling-II_2016/

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ს. თევზა (2016)