

Numerical Derivatives:

Forward derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_{i+1} - f_i) / (x_{i+1} - x_i)$$

Backward derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_i - f_{i-1}) / (x_i - x_{i-1})$$

Centered derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_{i+1} - f_{i-1}) / (x_{i+1} - x_{i-1})$$

5 point derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_{i-2} - 8f_{i-1} + 8f_{i+1} - f_{i+2}) / (3(x_{i+2} - x_{i-2}))$$

To do

xmin = 0

xmax = 20;

N = 50, 100, 500;

$$f(x) = (\sin(1.2x))^2 + (\cos(0.8x))^2$$

- 1) $f1(x) = d/dx f(x)$: analytic derivative;
- 2) $f2(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: forward;
- 3) $f3(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: backward;
- 4) $f4(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: centered;
- 5) $f5(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: 5 point ;

figure(1) : N = 50

figure(2) : N = 100

figure(3) : N = 200

figure(4) : N = 1000

Plot on each figure:

subplot(2,2,k);

$k =$

- 1) $(f_2 - f_1)$
- 2) $(f_3 - f_1)$
- 3) $(f_4 - f_1)$
- 4) $(f_5 - f_1)$