

Numerical Derivatives:

Forward derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_{i+1} - f_i) / (x_{i+1} - x_i)$$

Backward derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_i - f_{i-1}) / (x_i - x_{i-1})$$

Centered derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_{i+1} - f_{i-1}) / (x_{i+1} - x_{i-1})$$

5 point derivative:

$$f'_i = (f_{i-2} - 8f_{i-1} + 8f_{i+1} - f_{i+2}) / (3(x_{i+2} - x_{i-2}))$$

2 order derivative:

$$f''_i = (f_{i+1} - 2f_i + f_{i-1}) / ((x_{i+1} - x_i)^2)$$

To do

```
x = (0:0.1:20);
```

```
f(x) = abs(sin(1.2x)) + abs(cos(0.8x))
```

- 1) $f1(x) = d/dx f(x)$: analytic derivative;
- 2) $f2(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: forward;
- 3) $f3(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: backward;
- 4) $f4(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: centered;
- 5) $f5(x) = d/dx f(x)$: numerical derivative: 5 point ;

Plot on single figure:

```
subplot(2,2,k);
```

```
k =
```

- 1) $(f2-f1)$
- 2) $(f3-f1)$
- 3) $(f4-f1)$
- 4) $(f5-f1)$